## HOW MUCH IS ENOUGH

## PRE- AND POST-RETIREMENT PLANNING



Presented by:
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## Diane M. Pearson, CFP®, PPC $^{\text {TM }}$, CDFA $^{\text {TM }}$

- Diane M. Pearson, CFP ${ }^{\circledR}$, PPC $^{\text {TM }}$, CDFA $^{\text {TM }}$ is an Advisor and Shareholder with Legend Financial Advisors, Inc. ${ }^{\circledR}$ She has over 20 years experience in the financial advisory profession.
- Diane has been selected three times by Worth magazine as one of "The Top 250 Wealth Advisors" in the country.
- Diane is one of the first financial advisors in the country to earn the Professional Plan Consultants ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ( PPC $^{\text {TM }}$ ) designation, recognizing her commitment to education and service excellence in the qualified retirement planning industry.
- She has also been awarded the Certified Divorce Financial Analyst ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ (CDFA ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ) professional designation. As a CDFA ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, she is qualified to serve as a financial expert on divorce cases, present data to support an argument, and educate clients on the short- and long-term financial implications of different divorce settlement proposals.
- Diane is a member of The National Association of Women Business Owners (NAWBO), where she is the Finance Director for the Pittsburgh Chapter. She has also been selected as the Pittsburgh Chapter of NAWBO's "Woman Business Owner of the Year" for 2004 as well as the "Woman Business Professional Associate of the Year" for 2007.
- Diane has also authored a landmark article entitled "Pre-592 Distributions-Careful Analysis Is Required", regarding retirement distribution planning. She has also been a frequent guest speaker on various radio and Web site broadcasts.
- Diane is a frequent guest featured on Pittsburgh Business Radio (WMNY 1360 AM) and for their "Women Mean Business" show discussing headlines in the region about issues impacting women in business.


## With People Living Longer, We'll Have to Work Longer



## ONLINE RETIREMENT CALCULATORS

Current Age
Current Income
Spouse's Income
Current Savings
Expected Inflation
Retirement Age
Income replacement at retirement
Pre-retirement investment return
Post-retirement investment return
Other Sources of Income:
Social Security
Pension
Annuity
Marital status

## WHAT YOU NEED TO CONSIDER

1. What do you envision for your retirement?
2. Saving
3. Investing and evaluating regularly
4. Sources of Income
5. Expenses
6. Annual withdrawal rate
7. Insurance



## SAVINGS GUIDELINES FOR 80\% OF PRE-RETIREMENT INCOME

If you're in your 20s: Save 10-15 percent of your income.
If you're in your 30s: Save 15-25 percent of your income.
If you're in your early 40s: Save 25-35 percent of your income - a pretty sizeable chunk!

If you're 45 or older, the percentages get really big. A 46-year-old, for example, will need to save about 40 percent of income; someone over 50 who is just starting to save will need to set aside about 60 percent of their income.


| April 1, 2000 to July 31, 2013 (13 years and 4 months) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual Compound Return | Total Return |
| Consumer Price Index (Inflation) | 2.36\% | 36.45\% |
| 90-Day Treasury Bills Index-Total Return | 2.06\% | 31.18\% |
| Barclays Aggregate Bond Index-Total Return | 5.77\% | 111.44\% |
| HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index | 2.92\% | 46.77\% |
| S\&P 500 Index (U.S. Stock Market) | 2.82\% | 44.84\% |
| MSCI EAFE Index (Developed Foreign Equities) | 3.07\% | 49.78\% |
| MSCI Emerging Market Index (Equities) | 7.73\% | 170.17\% |
| Newedge CTA Index (Managed Futures) | 5.07\% | 93.39\% |
| Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Index-Total Return (USD)** | 1.87\% | 28.05\% |
| Dow Jones U.S. Real Estate Index-Total Return (USD)** | 6.64\% | 135.93\% |
| Gold Bullion | 12.32\% | 371.41\% |
| * Compound and Total Returns include reinvested dividends. MSCI Indexes do not include dividends prior to 2002. Newedge Index is equally-weighted. |  |  |
| Source: Bloomberg Investment Service |  |  |

## SECULAR BEAR MARKET WATCH (CONTINUED)

## April 1, 2000 to July 31, 2013 (13 years and 4 months)

Note: During Secular Bear markets U.S. Stocks have historically returned a little more than inflation or a little less than inflation-plus or minus $1.50 \%$-and generally last between 15 to 25 years. The last Secular Bear market (1966 to 1982) lasted 17 years and underperformed inflation by approximately one-half of one percent per year. The other Secular Bear markets since 1900 were 1901 to 1920 and 1929 to 1949. In both cases, the U.S. Stock market outperformed inflation by approximately $1.50 \%$ per year. All of the aforementioned performance numbers are pre-tax.
The performance of the U.S. Stock market so far in the current period (April 1, 2000 to the present) certainly appears to indicate that we are in a Secular Bear market. Long-term returns (over the next 10 years) for the S\&P 500 will probably be slightly better than the last 13 years and 4 months. Current 10 year normalized $\mathrm{P} /$ Es (long-term valuations) indicate approximate annual compound returns of slightly less than $3.00 \%$ over the next 10 years. Of course during the next 10 years, returns during various periods will be significantly higher and lower than the expected return. For example, the more the stock market rises in the near term, the less returns after that period will be and vice versa.

## FIXED INCOME YIELDS AND RETURNS

| US Treasuries | \# of issues | Correlation to 10-year | Avg. Maturity | Yield |  | Return |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 6/30/2013 | 6/30/2012 | 2Q13 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { YTD } \\ & 2013 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2-Year | 77 | 0.69 | 2 years | 0.36\% | 0.33\% | -0.09\% | 0.00\% |
| 5-Year | 60 | 0.92 | 5 | 1.41\% | 0.72\% | -2.43\% | -2.26\% |
| 10-Year | 20 | 1.00 | 10 | 2.52\% | 1.67\% | -4.57\% | -4.87\% |
| 30-Year | 18 | 0.92 | 30 | 3.52\% | 2.76\% | -6.13\% | -9.01\% |
| TIPS | 34 | 0.63 | 10 | 0.53\% | -0.46\% | -7.05\% | -7.39\% |
| Sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Broad Market | 8,413 | 0.88 | 7.5 years | 2.35\% | 1.98\% | -2.32\% | -2.44\% |
| MBS | 766 | 0.83 | 7.1 | 3.12\% | 2.44\% | -1.96\% | -2.01\% |
| Municipals | 9,054 | 0.54 | 9.9 | 2.79\% | 2.26\% | -3.11\% | -2.77\% |
| Corporates | 4,632 | 0.53 | 10.2 | 3.35\% | 3.27\% | -3.31\% | -3.41\% |
| High Yield | 2,057 | -0.19 | 6.7 | 6.66\% | 7.35\% | -1.44\% | 1.42\% |
| Floating Rate | 31 | -0.21 | 2.9 | 1.64\% | 3.16\% | -0.15\% | 1.03\% |
| Convertibles | 490 | -0.29 | -- | 1.09\% | 0.90\% | 1.80\% | 9.24\% |
| EMD (\$) | 1,125 | 0.25 | 9.3 | 5.40\% | 5.44\% | -5.14\% | -6.52\% |
| EMD (LCL) | 460 | 0.03 | 6.9 | 5.55\% | 5.57\% | -6.48\% | -6.16\% |

## PRICE IMPACT OF A 1\% RISE/FALL IN INTEREST RATES*



# FLOATING-RATE LOANS - THE FUTURE: WILL RATES RISE, STAY LEVEL OR FALL? <br> Loans Vs. Bonds: Hypothetical Returns In Various Rate Scenarios 



Bonds are represented by the Barclays Capital U.S Aggregate Index, with a yield of $2.4 \%$ and duration of 5.5 years. For loans, we use the S\&P/LSTA Index, with a net yield of 4.5\%, based on a market yield of $5.2 \%$, reduced by $0.7 \%$ to account for expected defaults and recoveries-the average level observed by Eaton Vance over 20 years. Duration is 0.1 years. Calculations are based on standard duration formula, assuming instantaneous rises in interest rates and adjustments of benchmark yields on loans. Chart represents projections based on various interest rate scenarios but is not intended to predict any particular scenario. The information is based, in part, hypothetical assumptions and the experience of Eaton Vance. Certain of the assumptions have been made for modeling purposes and are unlikely to be realized. Changes in the assumptions and scenarios may have a material impact on the information shown.

## A HISTORY OF SECULAR BEAR MARKETS SINCE 1900



Note: Data shown in log scale to best illustrate long-term patterns. P/E ratios shown at price peaks and troughs use trailing four quarters of reported earnings and are shown as a one year average
As of: June 30, 2013
Source: FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management
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## RISK IS REVERSING DOWNWARD FROM ALREADY LOW LEVELS MONTHLY RISK AVERSION INDEX

Note: The Risk Aversion Index combines ten market-based measures including various credit and swap spreads, implied volatility, currency movements, commodity prices and relative returns among various high- and low-risk assets.


As of: August 7, 2013 REPRINTED WITH PERMISSION FROM THE LEUTHOLD GROUP, LLC

Source: The Leuthold Group, LLC, Perception Express, August 7, 2013 www.leutholdgroup.com

VOLATILITY INDEX (VIX) AND S\&P 500 PERFORMANCE JANUARY 1, 1990 -SEPTEMBER 5, 2013


## 60/40 INVESTORS WERE TREATED KINDLY IN THE PAST

| Expected Return Model for a 60.0\% Equity / 40.0\% Bond Portfolio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decades | Beginning Dividend Yield | Real Long-Term EPS Growth | Implied Inflation | Expected Equity Return | Beginning Bond Yield | Expected 60/40 Return | Realized 60/40 Return | Expected Minus Realized |
| 1871-1880 | 5.9\% | 1.7\% | 2.4\% | 10.3\% | 5.3\% | 8.3\% | 8.3\% | 0.0\% |
| 1881-1890 | 4.5\% | 1.7\% | 0.8\% | 7.1\% | 3.7\% | 5.7\% | 3.1\% | 2.6\% |
| 1891-1900 | 4.8\% | 1.7\% | 0.5\% | 7.1\% | 3.4\% | 5.6\% | 6.9\% | -1.3\% |
| 1901-1910 | 4.4\% | 1.7\% | 0.0\% | 6.1\% | 2.9\% | 4.8\% | 5.7\% | -0.9\% |
| 1911-1920 | 5.2\% | 1.7\% | 0.4\% | 7.5\% | 3.3\% | 5.8\% | 2.9\% | 2.9\% |
| 1921-1930 | 7.5\% | 1.7\% | 2.8\% | 12.4\% | 5.7\% | 9.7\% | 11.6\% | -1.9\% |
| 1931-1940 | 6.3\% | 1.7\% | 0.1\% | 8.2\% | 3.0\% | 6.1\% | 3.9\% | 2.2\% |
| 1941-1950 | 6.4\% | 1.7\% | -1.3\% | 6.7\% | 1.6\% | 4.7\% | 8.6\% | -3.9\% |
| 1951-1960 | 7.4\% | 1.7\% | -0.7\% | 8.5\% | 2.2\% | 6.0\% | 10.6\% | -4.6\% |
| 1961-1970 | 3.4\% | 1.7\% | 0.9\% | 6.2\% | 3.8\% | 5.3\% | 6.3\% | -1.0\% |
| 1971-1980 | 3.5\% | 1.7\% | 3.5\% | 8.9\% | 6.4\% | 7.9\% | 6.9\% | 1.1\% |
| 1981-1990 | 4.6\% | 1.7\% | 9.9\% | 17.0\% | 12.8\% | 15.3\% | 14.3\% | 1.0\% |
| 1991-2000 | 3.7\% | 1.7\% | 5.2\% | 10.9\% | 8.1\% | 9.8\% | 14.4\% | -4.6\% |
| 2001-2010 | 1.2\% | 1.7\% | 2.3\% | 5.4\% | 5.2\% | 5.3\% | 3.8\% | 1.6\% |
| Average Std Deviation | 4.9\% | 1.7\% | 1.9\% | 8.7\% | 4.8\% | 7.2\% | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.6 \% \\ & 3.9 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -0.5 \% \\ 2.6 \% \end{gathered}$ |
| Current | 2.3\% | 1.7\% | 2.0\% | 6.0\% | 2.0\% | 4.4\% |  |  |

As of: August 29, 2011
Source: Robert Shiller, Federal Reserve, BEA, Research Affiliates, LLC via Morningstar and Bloomberg

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## INCOME DURING RETIREMENT

- Social Security
- Evaluate taking your benefit sooner than later
- Contact the Social Security Administration at every age milestone-62, 65, and at your normal retirement date



## OTHER SOURCES OF INCOME

Retirement Accounts
Roth IRAs
Pensions
Paid off house
Railroad Retirement Benefits
Investments


Savings accounts and CDs
Part-time work
Annuities

## ANNUITIES:

Pro- Fixed Payout

- Tax Deferred Savings
- Protection from Probate and Creditors

Con- No Inflation Protection

- Surrender Charges
- Commissions
- Costly


## EXPENSES

## 80\% Of Your Pre-retirement Income?

## Expenses while working

- Taxes, commuting, savings, clothing, liabilities, children's education

Expenses while retired

- Taxes, health-care costs, liabilities
- Dining out, travel, hobbies, entertainment



## OTHER EXPENSES TO CONSIDER

- Inflation
- Your parents may require assistance
- Your children may require assistance
- Moving costs
- Extended long-term care



## WHAT TO DO IF YOU DON'T HAVE ENOUGH ASSETS SAVED FOR RETIREMENT

1. Make more retirement plan contributions.
2. Readjust retirement expectations or standard of living in retirement.
3. Decrease spending.
4. Work longer.
5. Work part-time.
6. Review your investment strategy.


## EXPENSES TO DITCH

- Second car or luxury car
- Lavish vacations
- Second home
- Downsize your home
- Landline
- Adult children



## ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL RATE CALCULATION

| Year 1 |  | Annual Withdrawal Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Portfolio Balance At Beginning of Year 1 | \$1,000,000.00 |  |
| Annual Cash Flow Needs | -\$50,000.00 | -5.00\% |
| Portfolio Balance | \$950,000.00 |  |
| Portfolio Performance | -10.00\% |  |
| Portfolio Balance at End of Year 1 | \$855,000.00 |  |
| Year 2 |  | Annual Withdrawal Rate |
| Portfolio Balance At Beginning of Year 2 | \$855,000.00 |  |
| Annual Cash Flow Needs | -\$50,000.00 | -5.85\% |
| Portfolio Balance | \$805,000.00 |  |
| Portfolio Performance | -10.00\% |  |
| Portfolio Balance at End of Year 2 | \$724,500.00 |  |
| Year 3 |  | Annual Withdrawal Rate |
| Portfolio Balance At Beginning of Year 3 | \$724,500.00 |  |
| Annual Cash Flow Needs | -\$50,000.00 | -6.90\% |
| Portfolio Balance | \$674,500.00 |  |
| Portfolio Performance | -0.00\% |  |
| Portfolio Balance at End of Year 3 | \$674,500.00 |  |

## IN RETIREMENT:

## Do you need:

Medical Insurance
Life Insurance
Disability Insurance
Long Term Care Insurance


## WHAT MEDICARE COVERS

- Part A (Hospital) - Inpatient care in hospitals, skilled nursing facility, hospice and home health care
- Part B (Medical) - Doctor and other providers' services, outpatient care, durable medical equipment, home health care, and some preventive services
- Part C (Medigap or Supplemental) - many options of additional coverage
- Part D (Drugs) - covers drug cost


## MEDICARE PART B MONTHLY PREMIUM

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|}\hline \text { Your 2013 Part B Monthly } \\ \text { Premium Is }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Beneficiaries who file an } \\ \text { individual tax return with } \\ \text { income }\end{array}\right) \begin{array}{c}\text { Beneficiaries who file a joint } \\ \text { tax return with income }\end{array}\right\}$

## LIFE INSURANCE

- Insure against financial loss or hardship for someone else
- Replace the cost of Federal Estate/Inheritance Taxes



## TYPES OF LIFE INSURANCE

- Whole Life - an investment?
- Cash Value
- Dividends
- Term Life - a contract



## DISABILITY INSURANCE

- Insure against financial loss for yourself and family
- Replace lost income



## LONG TERM CARE INSURANCE

- Covers care generally not covered by health insurance, Medicare, or Medicaid for Nursing home costs, Assisted living, Home health care, and Adult daycare
- Benefits are based on a daily/monthly cost
- Length of coverage
- Elimination Period
- Inflation
- Shared Care Rider
- Guaranteed Renewable



## LONG TERM CARE INSURANCE

- Medicare picks up 11.0\% of nursing home costs nationally, only partially covers the costs of the first 100 days in a nursing home, and only provides this coverage if the skilled care is preceded by a stay in the hospital.
- Medicaid covers over 70.0\% of long-term care costs nationally, but requires spending down substantially all assets and directing all income to pay toward their long term care costs.
- The Veteran's Administration does provide benefits, if you qualify.


## LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE SUMMARY OF NATIONAL FINDINGS*

|  | Nursing Homes |  | Assisted Living Communities | Home Care |  | Adult Day Services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Semi-Private Room | Private <br> Room |  | Home Health Aide | Homemaker |  |
| Rate Type | Daily |  | Monthly | Hourly |  | Daily |
| 2012 Average Rate | \$222 | \$248 | \$3,550 | \$21 | \$20 | \$70 |
| 2011 Average Rate | \$214 | \$239 | \$3,477 | \$21 | \$19 | \$70 |
| \$/\% Increase from 2011 | \$8 (3.7\%) | \$9 (3.8\%) | \$73 (2.1\%) | \$0 (0\%) | \$1 (5.3\%) | \$0 (0\%) |
| 2012 Annual Rate | \$81,030 | \$90,520 | \$42,600 | \$21,840 | \$20,800 | \$18,200 |

* Costs are rounded to the nearest dollar.


## LONG-TERM CARE COST ANALYSIS

|  | Age | Years | Daily Cost |  | Days | Annual Cost | Cumulative Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50 | 1 | 200 | x | 365 | 73,000 | 73,000 |
|  | 51 | 2 |  |  |  | 77,380 | 150,380 |
|  | 52 | 3 |  |  |  | 82,023 | 232,403 |
| Daily Cost: <br> \$200.00 <br> Annual Inflation Rate: <br> 6\% <br> Age: <br> 50 | 53 | 4 |  |  |  | 86,944 | 319,347 |
|  | 54 | 5 |  |  |  | 92,161 | 411,508 |
|  | 55 | 6 |  |  |  | 97,690 | 509,198 |
|  | 56 | 7 |  |  |  | 103,552 | 612,750 |
|  | 57 | 8 |  |  |  | 109,765 | 722,515 |
|  | 58 | 9 |  |  |  | 116,351 | 838,866 |
|  | 59 | 10 |  |  |  | 123,332 | 962,198 |
|  | 60 | 11 |  |  |  | 130,732 | 1,092,930 |
|  | 61 | 12 |  |  |  | 138,576 | 1,231,506 |
|  | 62 | 13 |  |  |  | 146,890 | 1,378,396 |
|  | 63 | 14 |  |  |  | 155,704 | 1,534,100 |
|  | 64 | 15 |  |  |  | 165,046 | 1,699,146 |
|  | 65 | 16 |  |  |  | 174,949 | 1,874,095 |
|  | 66 | 17 |  |  |  | 185,446 | 2,059,540 |
|  | 67 | 18 |  |  |  | 196,572 | 2,256,113 |
|  | 68 | 19 |  |  |  | 208,367 | 2,464,479 |
|  | 69 | 20 |  |  |  | 220,869 | 2,685,348 |
|  | 70 | 21 |  |  |  | 234,121 | 2,919,469 |
|  | 71 | 22 |  |  |  | 248,168 | 3,167,637 |
|  | 72 | 23 |  |  |  | 263,058 | 3,430,695 |
|  | 73 | 24 |  |  |  | 278,842 | 3,709,537 |
|  | 74 | 25 |  |  |  | 295,572 | 4,005,109 |

# Retirement does not require winning the lottery, but is does require planning! 

## Shall We Start Now?



## QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS



## CONTACT INFORMATION



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